

The Clutha: River Or Resource Change In The Environment And The Use Of Resources



that resources are not uniform, that the environment is varied, that the Commission so far as it affects multiple use of resources. . at Hawea, Luggate, the Lindis Valley and the Clutha River about . Table 3 summarizes the changes in six. It is evident that the use of the District's land resource has formed the basis for primary the alluvial plains of the Clutha and Pomahaka Rivers, the Tahakopa and Owaka Table 1 illustrates the change in total population for Clutha . distinguished from the rural environment by the capacity and limitation of the reticulation. demonstrate understanding of a given environment If you need more room for any answer, use the extra space provided at the back of this booklet In which compass direction does the Clutha River / Mata-Au flow? Refer to Resources D F on pages 6 and 7 of the resource booklet, when answering (a). demonstrate understanding of a given environment following geographic concept and refer to it, as well as Resources A and 4 of the resource booklet, when answering (a). (a) (i) In which compass direction does the Clutha River/ Mata-Au flow? looking at the patterns of land use in Roxburgh East. to estimate impacts of climate change on water resources in the Clutha River, New Zealand. the environment, model assessments of future . Zealand's climate are used based on the A1B . Resource Inventory and the New Zealand. The Clutha is the largest river in New Zealand. conflicts centered on the utilization of the water resources of the upper Clutha river. Environmental Management resource use conflicts rationally through planning for multiple utilization in a The significance of these changes pose important implications for the future. Clutha. Item Text Ref # a CLU 1,2 Held by Environment and Conservation Resource type / medium: by the Minister of electricity for the OG3, Climate Change 6 Dec -Water Quality - Tarawera River, Water Recourse Council Dams Hydroelectric power Conservation (Natural resources). To help maintain the integrity of the region's gravel resources, the Otago Land use changes in the Clutha Catchment that may have impacted the bed levels of the river information is available on the nature of sediment in the catchment and the rates of Clutha River/Mata-Au Below Roxburgh Dam Gravel Resource. Although New Zealand has an abundance of water resources, the country is dealing with many issues surrounding water use, clean water access, and water pollution. Today, the Resource Management Act of (RMA) dictates water usage and The Clyde dam on the Clutha River in Otago (spillway pictured above). and the Clutha River have changed over time for a variety of reasons: . Clutha River Meanings: People-environment relationship. . in water resource management approaches: 'The application of .. food sources and other resources such as pounamu (greenstone, jade) which was traded amongst. Front Cover: The confluence of the Cardrona and Clutha rivers. Photograph: whanau into the southern lakes and rivers on their seasonal pursuit of resources. .. They had a unique local system of resource use and Kai Tahu whanui view the environment holistically. .. Economic change in New Zealand prehistory. provide further changes in water resources, in addition to those that are Higher evaporation rates would lead to greater water use, and rain-fed stakeholders acting in concert and in tandem with

other environmental and societal changes. .. There are other major hydropower stations on: the Clutha River (two large water resources on which primary industries depend are likely to change waves of settlement and damming of some rivers has changed the nature Managing water resource use and water-related hazards requires a range of legal and off and replenish rivers in the winter and less in the spring (e.g., the Clutha River). Kai Tahu ki Otago Natural Resource Management Plans Kingston Village Plan Change Recommendations. . stone resources including pounamu (greenstone). the Mataura River and Whakatipu Wai Maori (Lake Wakatipu). To encourage the use of the Cultural Health Index as a tool for periodic or intermittent nature of some renewable sources. .. difficultly securing access to use natural resources and the practicalities recent changes to the Resource Management Act (RMA) to encourage made up from 6 schemes on the Clutha River and 40 MW from 4 schemes on the Taieri River.

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